
HA13151, HA13152

14 W × 4-Channel BTL Power IC

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ADE-207-116
1st. Edition

Description

The HA13151/HA13152 are high output and low distortion 4 ch BTL power IC designed for digital car audio.

At 13.2 V to 4 Ω load, this power IC provides output power 14 W with 10% distortion.

Functions

- 4 ch BTL power amplifiers
- Built-in standby circuit
- Built-in muting circuit
- Built-in protection circuit (surge, T.S.D, and ASO)

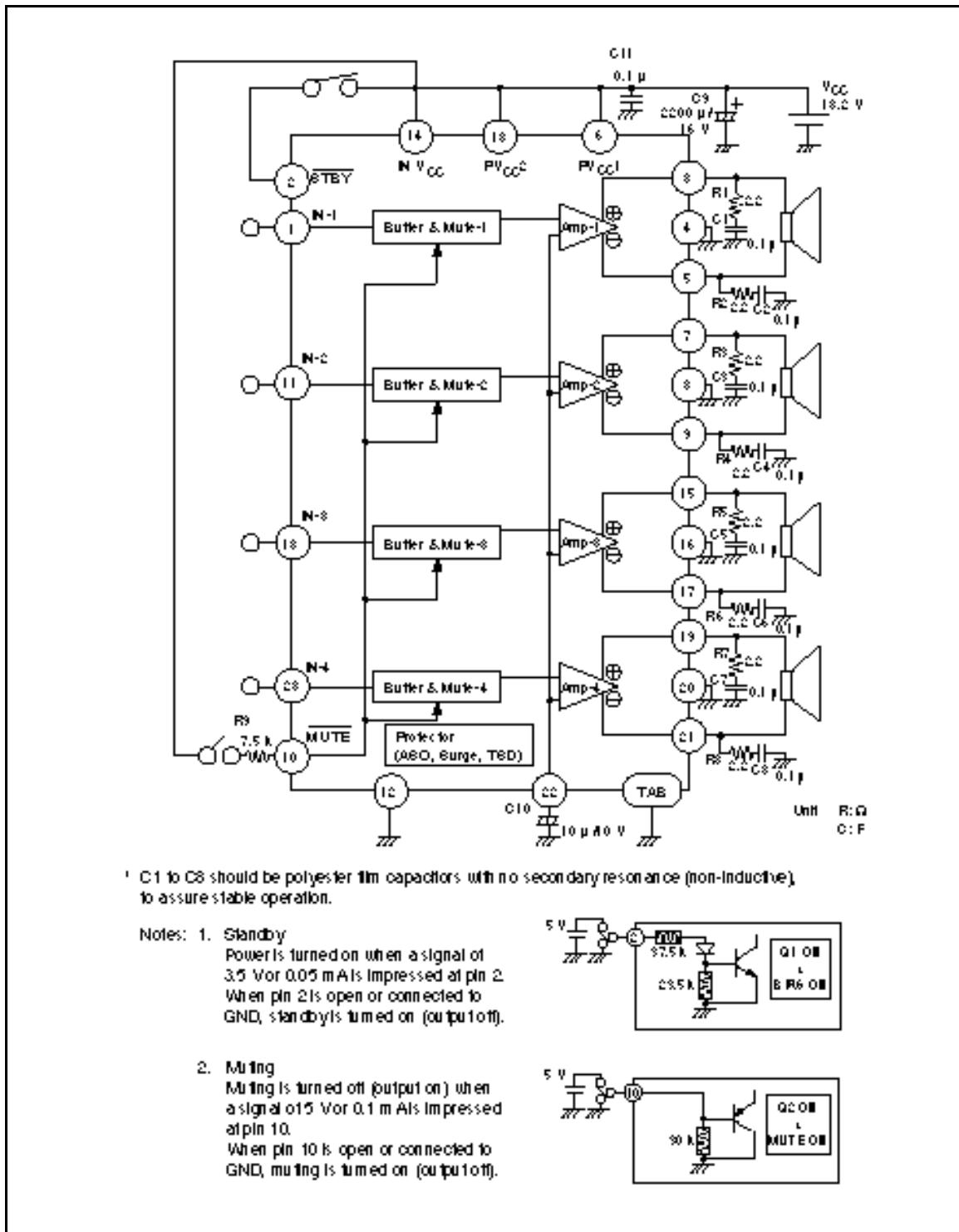
Features

- Few external parts lead to compact set-area possibility
- Popping noise minimized
- Low output noise
- Built-in high reliability protection circuit



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Block Diagram



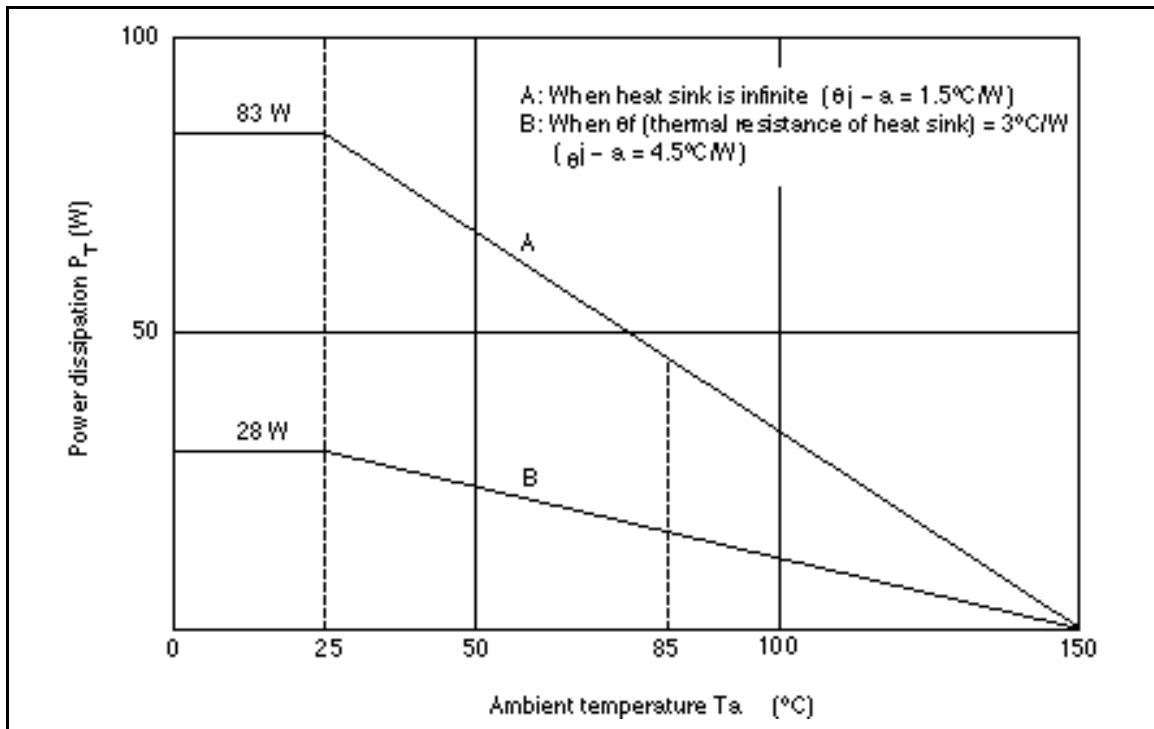
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Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Operating supply voltage	V_{cc}	18	V	
Supply voltage when no signal ^{*1}	V_{cc} (DC)	26	V	
Peak supply voltage ^{*2}	V_{cc} (PEAK)	50	V	
Output current ^{*3}	I_o (PEAK)	3	A	
Power dissipation ^{*4}	P_T	83	W	
Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-30 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$	

- Notes:
1. Tolerance within 30 seconds
 2. Tolerance in surge pulse waveform
 3. Value per 1 channel
 4. Value when attached on the infinite heat sink plate at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

The derating curve is as shown in the graph below.



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Electrical Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 13.2$ V, $f = 1$ kHz, $R_L = 4 \Omega$, $R_g = 600 \Omega$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

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Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Quiescent current	I_Q1	—	270	—	mA	$V_{in} = 0$
Output offset voltage	ΔV_Q	-300	0	+300	mV	
Gain	G_v	30.5	32	33.5	dB	
Gain difference between channels	ΔG_v	-1.5	0	+1.5	dB	
Rated output power	P_o	—	14	—	W	$V_{CC} = 13.2$ V $THD = 10\%$, $R_L = 4 \Omega$
Max output power	P_{omax}	—	22	—	W	$V_{CC} = 13.7$ V $THD = Max$, $R_L = 4 \Omega$
Total harmonic distortion	T.H.D.	—	0.05	—	%	$P_o = 3$ W
Output noise voltage	WBN	—	0.15	—	mVrms	$R_g = 0 \Omega$ $BW = 20$ to 20 kHz
Ripple rejection	SVR	—	55	—	dB	$R_g = 600 \Omega$, $f = 120$ Hz
Channel cross talk	C.T.	—	70	—	dB	$R_g = 600 \Omega$ $V_{out} = 0$ dBm
Input impedance	R_{in}	—	25	—	k Ω	
Standby current	I_Q2	—	—	200	μ A	
Standby control voltage (high)	V_{STH}	3.5	—	V_{CC}	V	
Standby control voltage (low)	V_{STL}	0	—	1.5	V	
Muting control voltage (high)	V_{MH}	3.5	—	V_{CC}	V	
Muting control voltage (low)	V_{ML}	0	—	1.5	V	
Muting attenuation	ATTM	—	70	—	dB	$V_{out} = 0$ dBm

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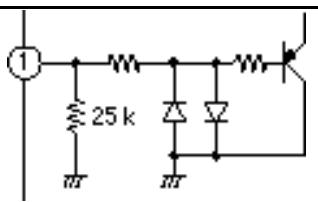
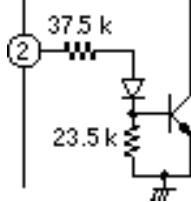
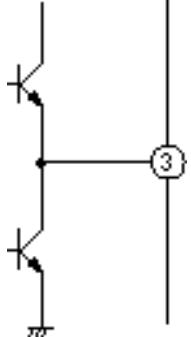
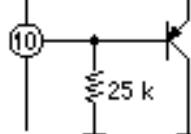
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Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Quiescent current	I _{Q1}	—	270	—	mA	V _{in} = 0
Output offset voltage	ΔV _o	-300	0	+300	mV	
Gain	G _v	38.5	40	41.5	dB	
Gain difference between channels	ΔG _v	-1.5	0	+1.5	dB	
Rated output power	P _o	—	14	—	W	V _{cc} = 13.2 V THD = 10%, R _L = 4 Ω
Max output power	P _{omax}	—	22	—	W	V _{cc} = 13.7 V THD = Max, R _L = 4 Ω
Total harmonic distortion	T.H.D.	—	0.05	—	%	P _o = 3%
Output noise voltage	WBN	—	0.25	—	mVrms	R _g = 0 Ω BW = 20 to 20 kHz
Ripple rejection	SVR	—	45	—	dB	R _g = 600 Ω, f = 120 Hz
Channel cross talk	C.T.	—	60	—	dB	R _g = 600 Ω V _{out} = 0 dBm
Input impedance	R _{in}	—	25	—	kΩ	
Standby current	I _{Q2}	—	—	200	μA	
Standby control voltage (high)	V _{STH}	3.5	—	V _{cc}	V	
Standby control voltage (low)	V _{STL}	0	—	1.5	V	
Muting control voltage (high)	V _{MH}	3.5	—	V _{cc}	V	
Muting control voltage (low)	V _{ML}	0	—	1.5	V	
Muting attenuation	ATTM	—	60	—	dB	V _{out} = 0 dBm

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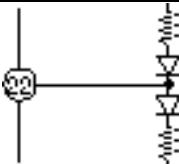
Pin Explanation

Pin No.	Symbol	Functions	Input Impedance	DC Voltage	Equivalence Circuit
1	IN1	CH1 INPUT	25 kΩ (Typ)	0 V	
11	IN2	CH2 INPUT			
13	IN3	CH3 INPUT			
23	IN4	CH4 INPUT			
2	STBY	Standby control	90 kΩ (at Trs. cutoff)	—	
3	OUT1 +	CH1 OUTPUT	—	V _{cc} /2	
5	OUT1 -				
7	OUT2 +	CH2 OUTPUT			
9	OUT2 -				
15	OUT3 +	CH3 OUTPUT			
17	OUT3 -				
19	OUT4 +	CH4 OUTPUT			
21	OUT4 -				
10	MUTE	Muting control	25 kΩ (Typ)	—	

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Pin Explanation (cont)

Pin No.	Symbol	Functions	Input Impedance	DC Voltage	Equivalence Circuit
22	RIPPLE	Bias stability	—	$V_{cc}/2$	
6	PV _{cc} 1	Power of output stage	—	V_{cc}	—
18	PV _{cc} 2				—
14	INV _{cc}	Power of input stage	—	V_{cc}	—
4	CH1 GND	CH1 power GND	—	—	—
8	CH2 GND	CH2 power GND			
16	CH3 GND	CH3 power GND			
20	CH4 GND	CH4 power GND			
12	IN GND	Input signal GND	—	—	—

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Point of Application Board Design

1. Notes on Application Board's Pattern Design

- For increasing stability, the connected line of V_{CC} and OUTGND is better to be made wider and lower impedance.
- For increasing stability, it is better to place the capacitor between V_{CC} and GND (0.1 μ F) close to IC.
- For increasing stability, it is better to place C1 to C8 and R1 to R8, which are for stopping oscillation, close to IC.
- It is better to place the grounding of resistor (R_g), between input line and ground, close to INGND (Pin 12) because if OUTGND is connected to the line between R_g and INGND, THD will become worse due to current from OUTGND.

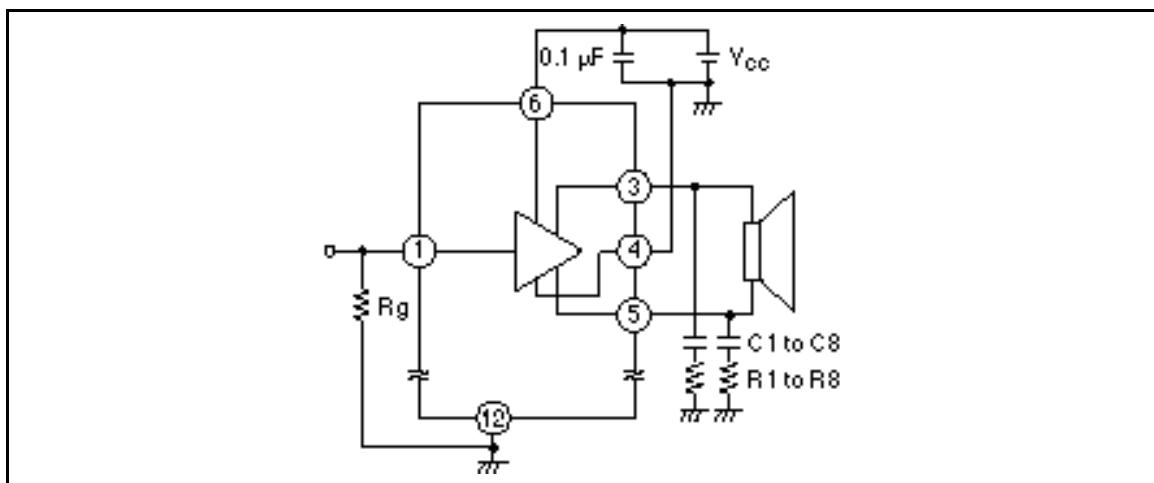


Figure 1 Notes on Application Board's Pattern Design

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2. How to Reduce the Popping Noise by Muting Circuit

At normal operating circuit, Muting circuit operates at high speed under 1 μ s.

In case popping noise becomes a problem, it is possible to reduce the popping noise by connecting capacitor, which determines the switching time constant, between pin 10 and GND. (Following figure 2)

We recommend value of capacitor greater than 1 μ F.

Also transitional popping noise can be reduced sharply by muting before V_{CC} and Standby are ON/OFF.

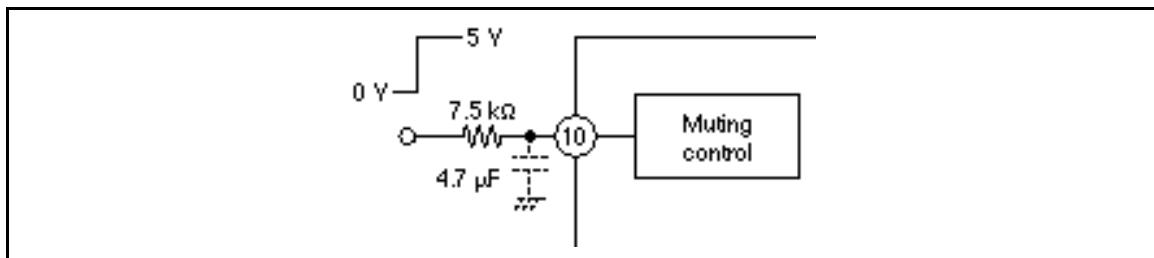
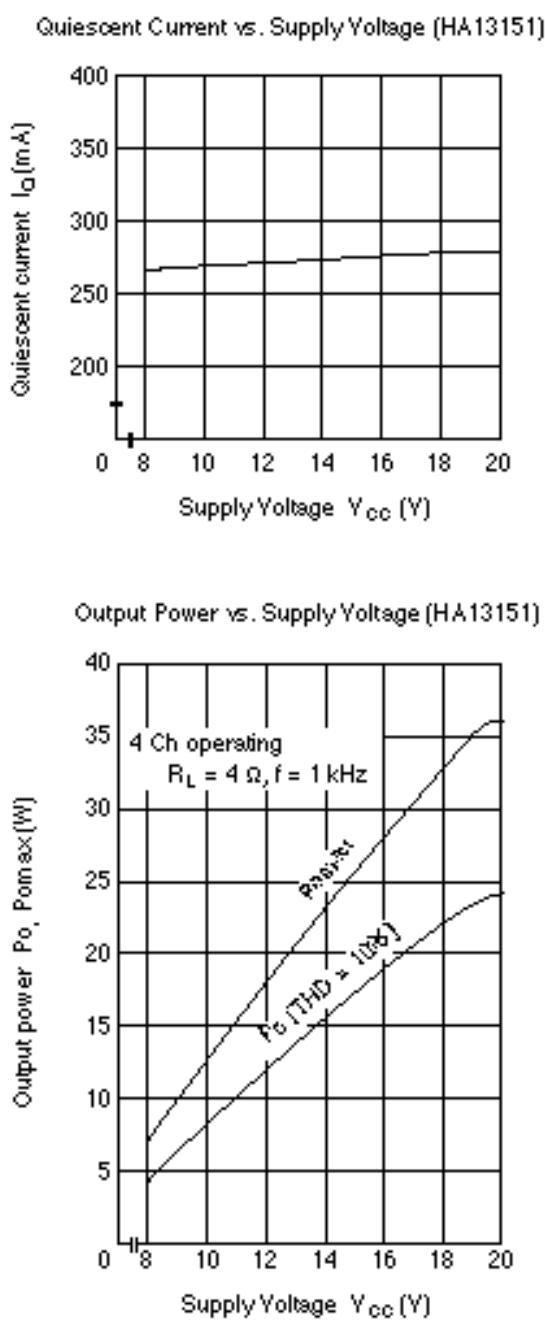


Figure 2 How to use Muting Circuit

Table 1 Muting ON/OFF Time

C (μF)	ON Time	OFF Time
nothing	under 1 μ s	under 1 μ s
0.47	2 ms	2 ms
4.7	19 ms	19 ms

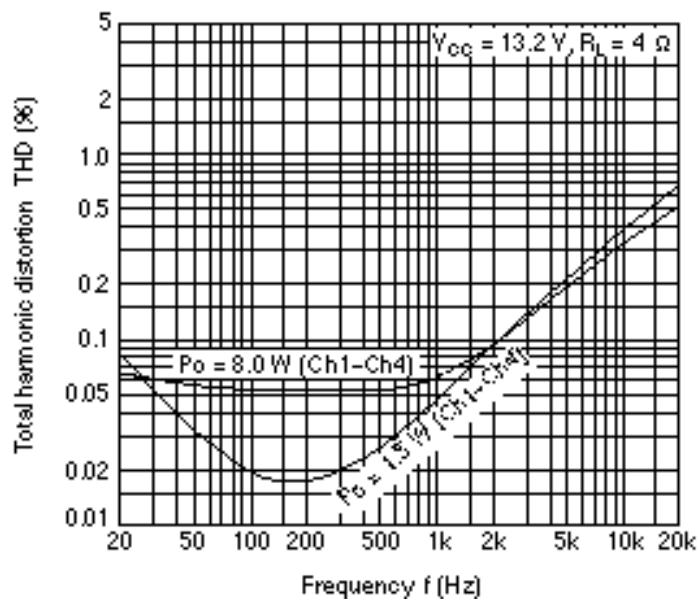
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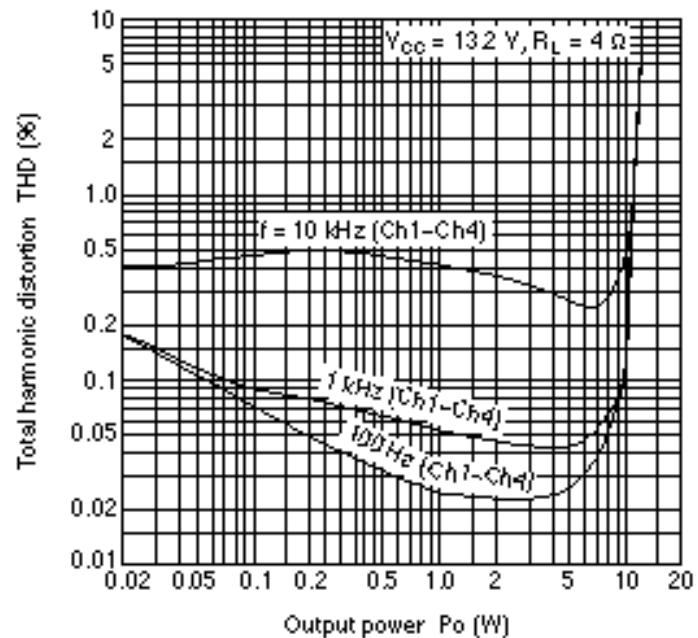
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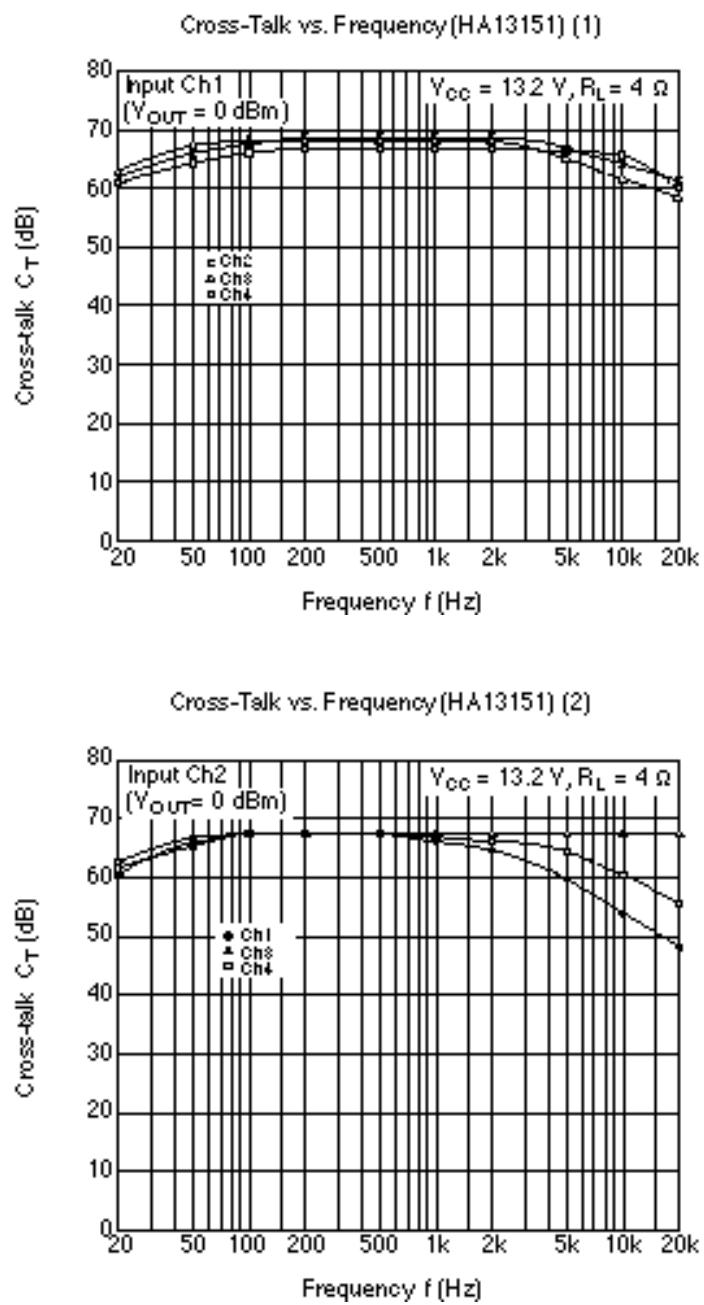
Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Frequency (HA13151)



Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Power (HA13151)

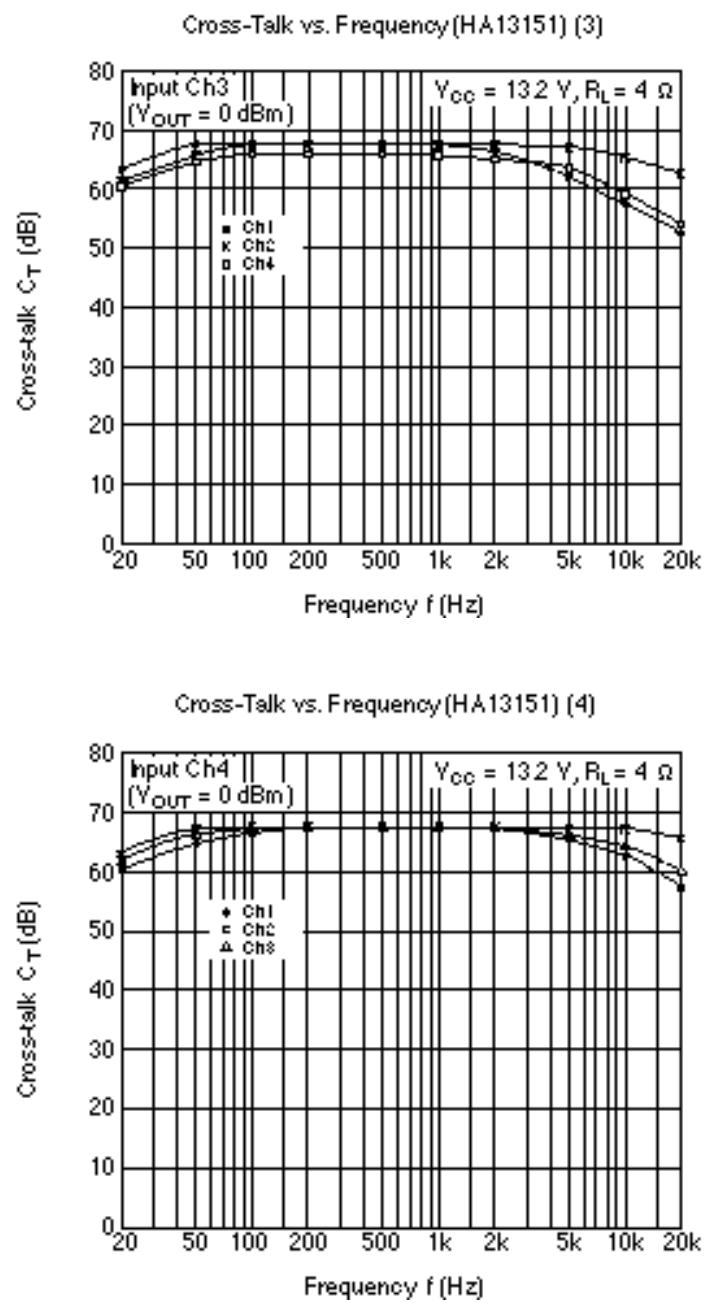


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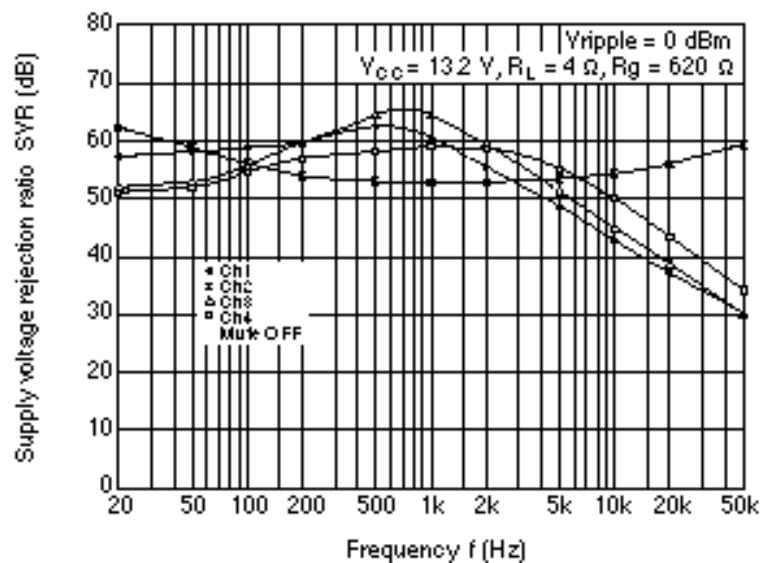
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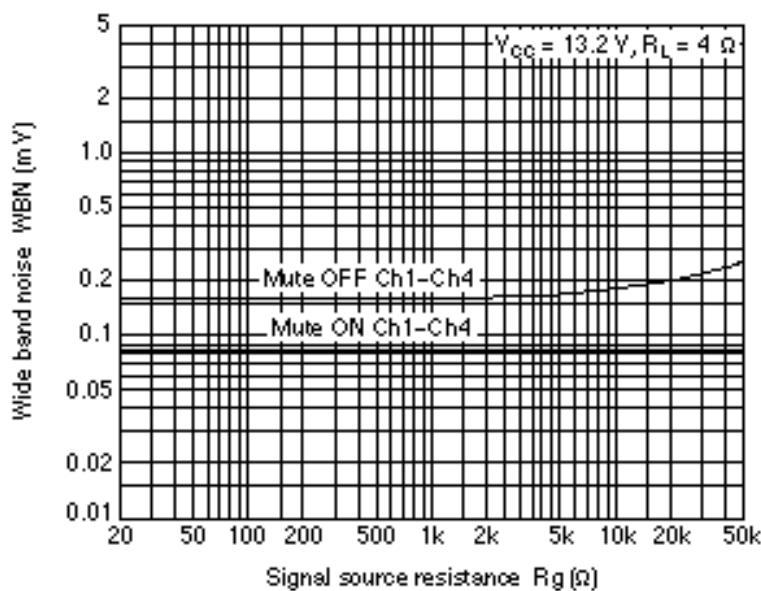
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Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency (HA13151)

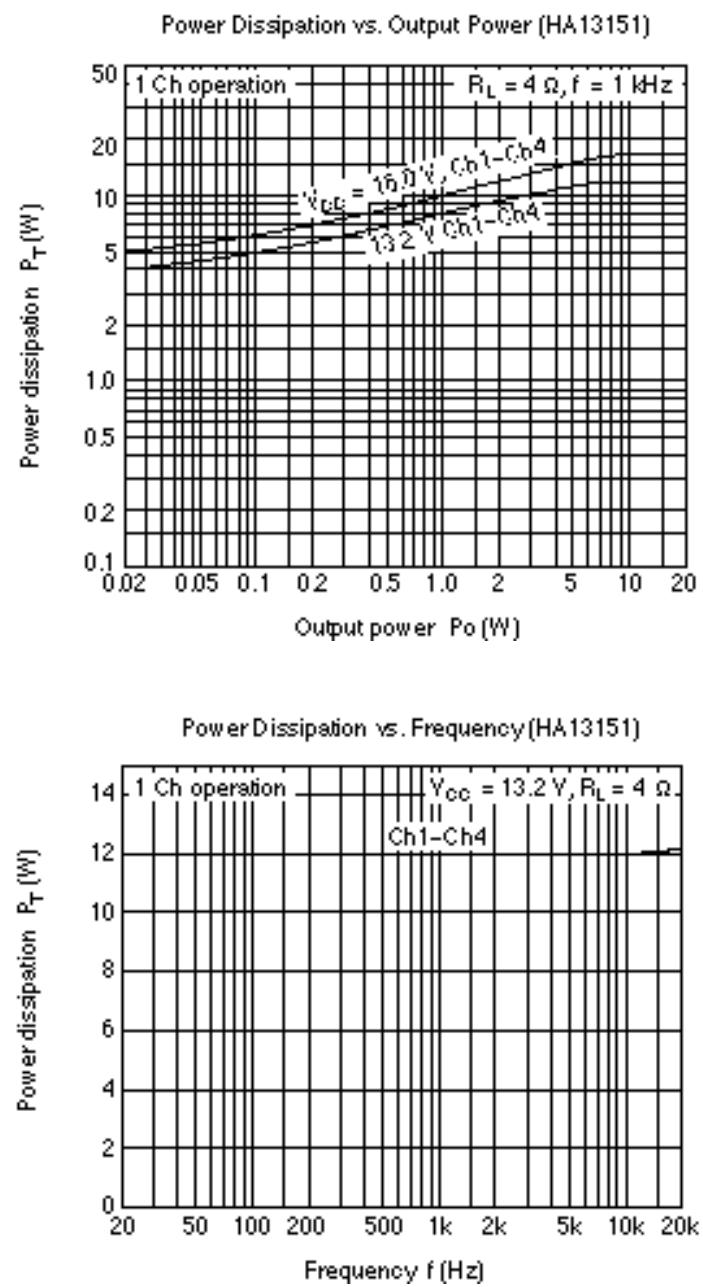


Wide Band Noise vs. Signal Source Resistance (HA13151)



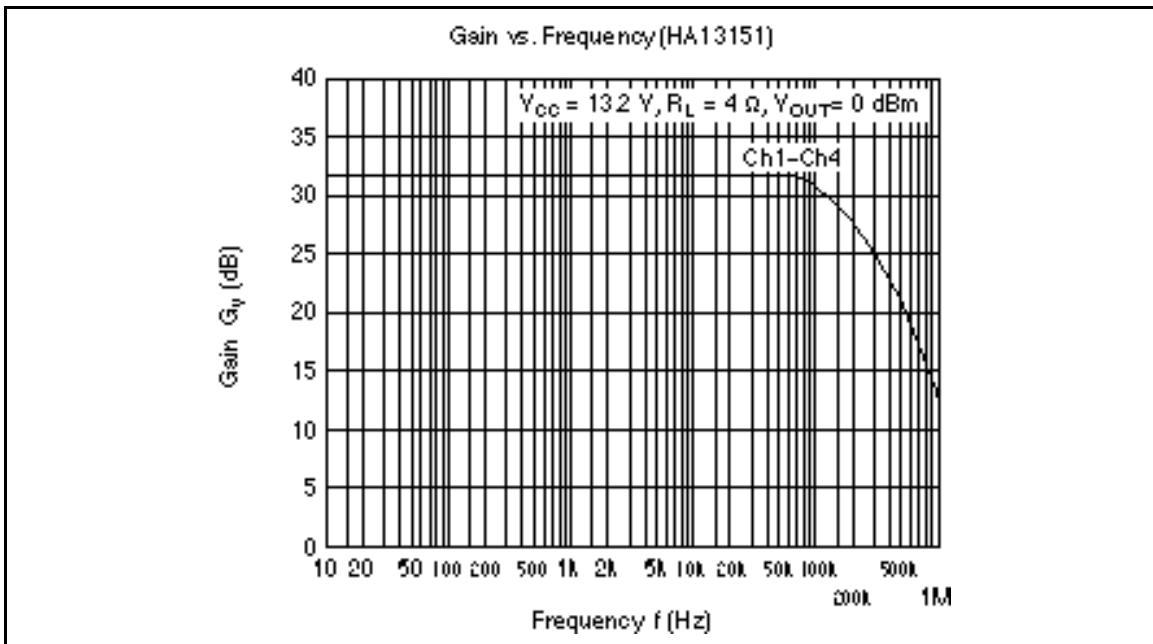
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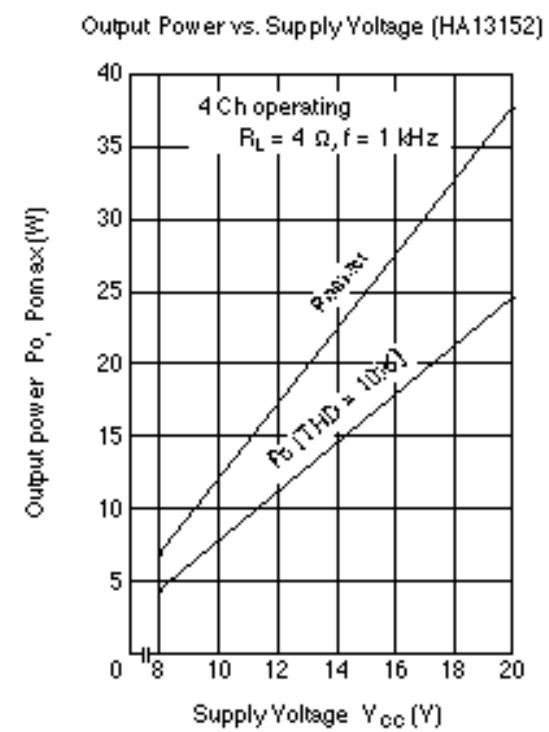
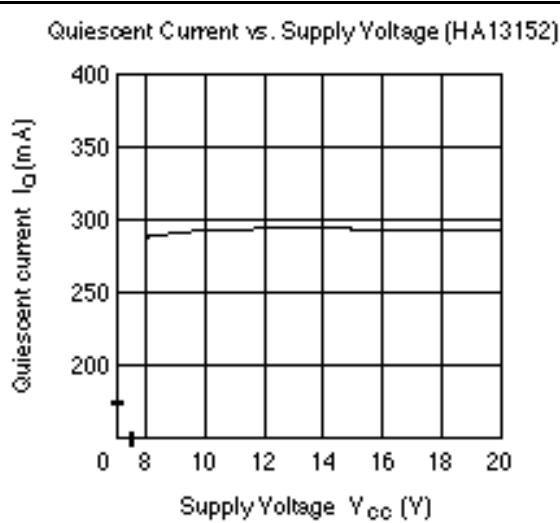
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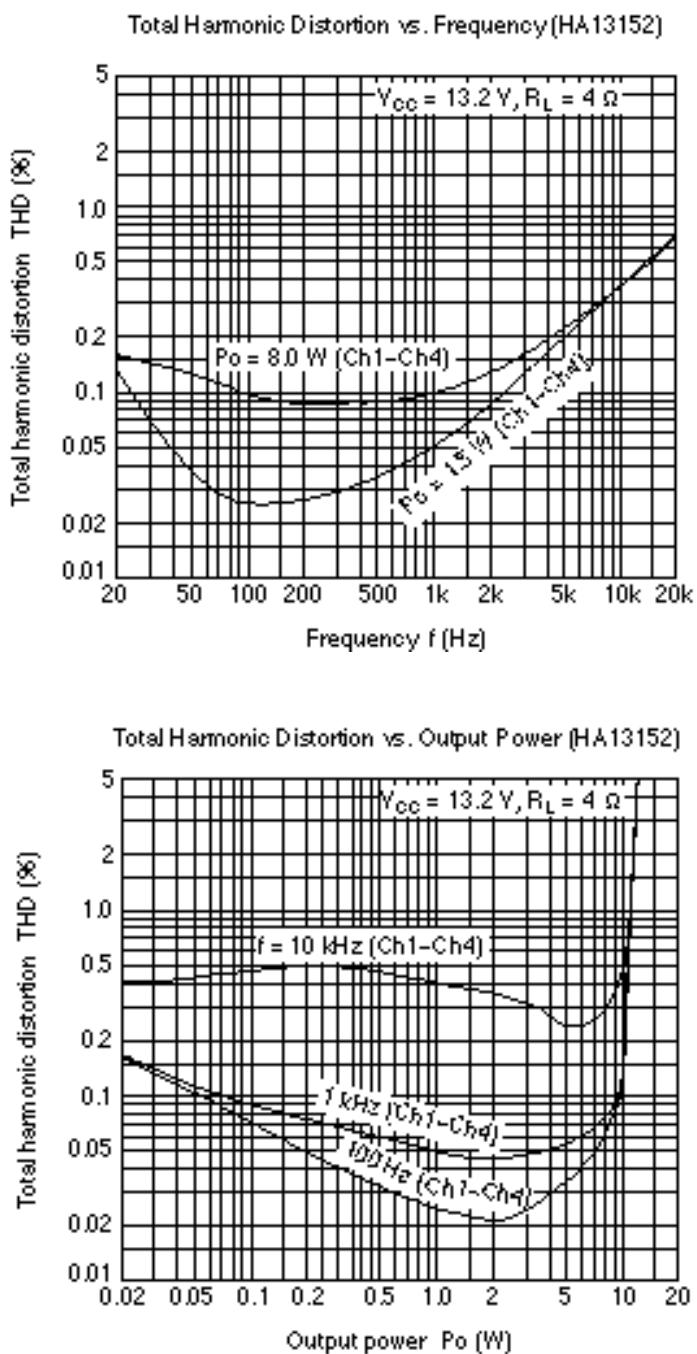


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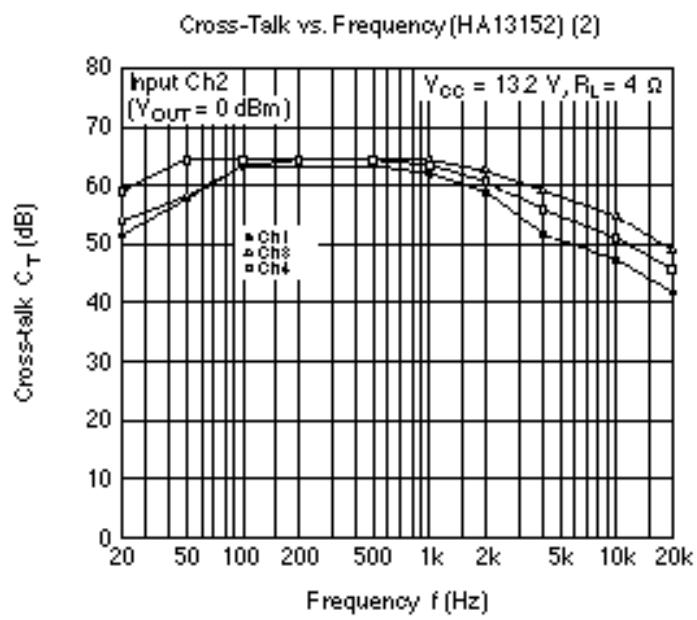
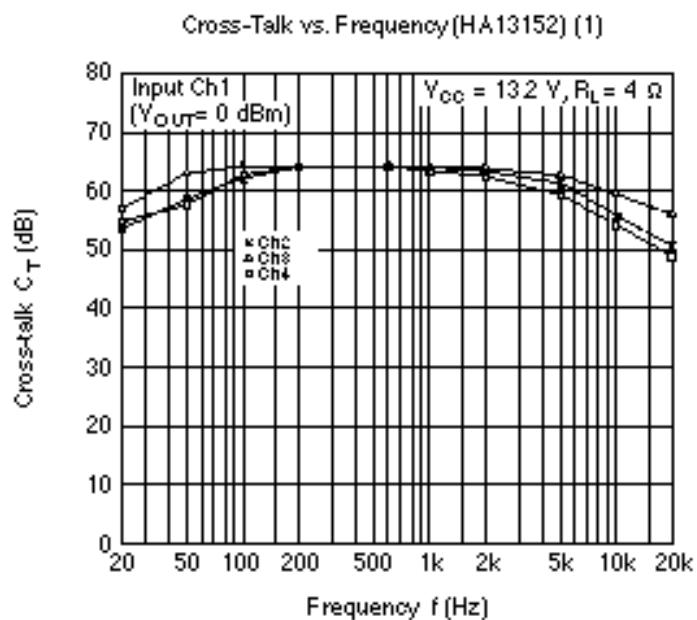


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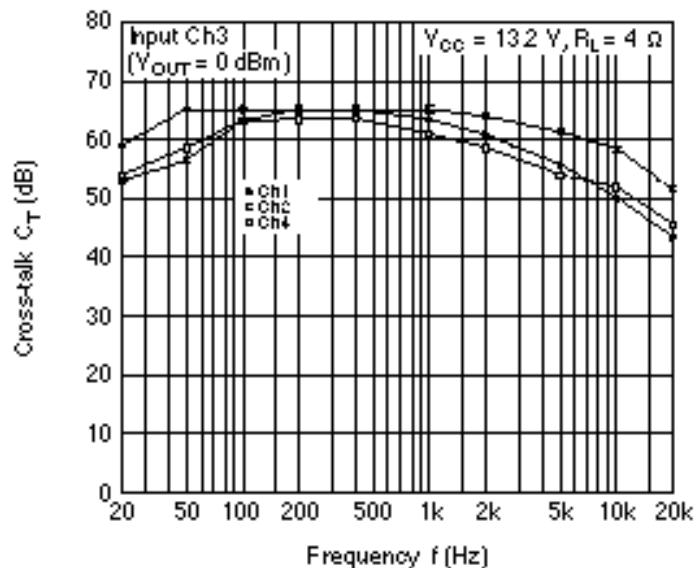
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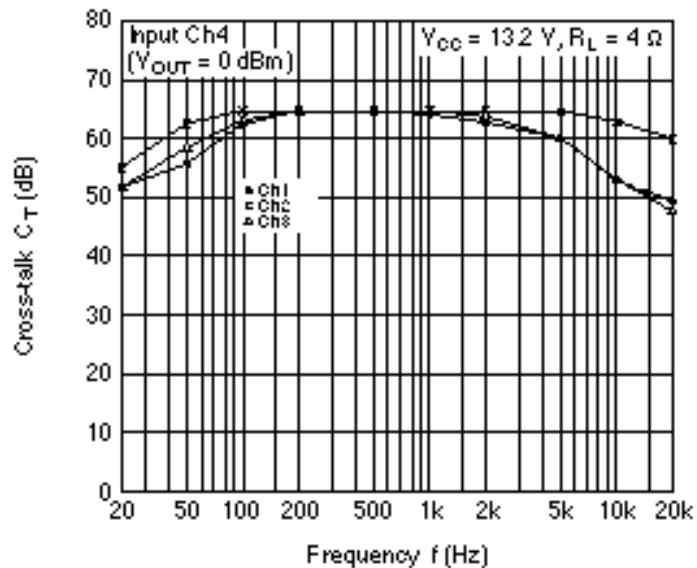


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Cross-Talk vs. Frequency (HA13152) (3)

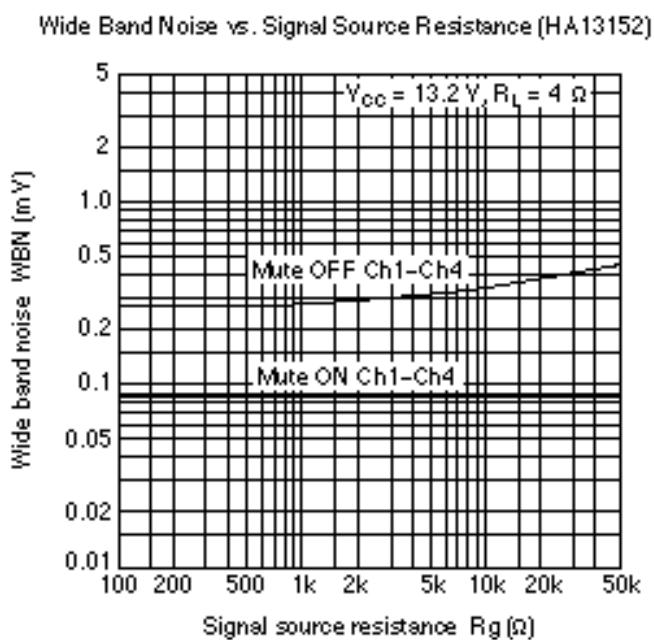
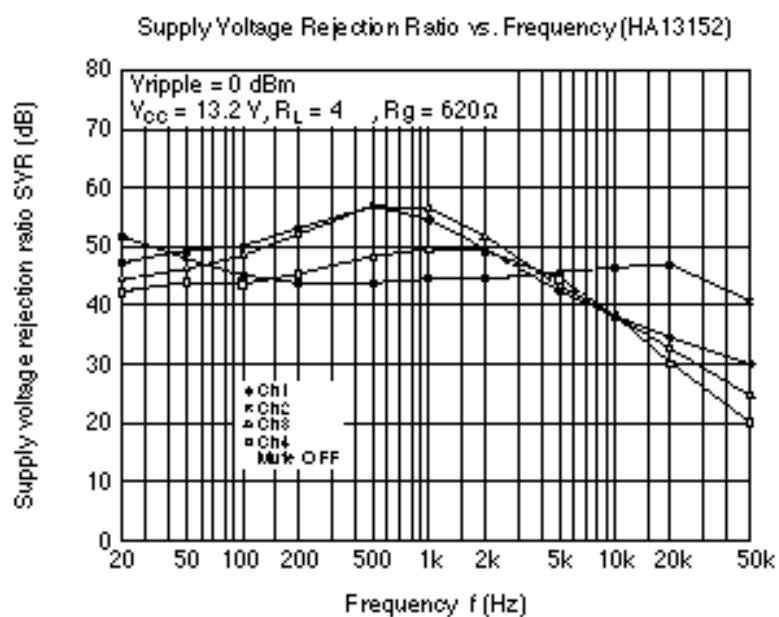


Cross-Talk vs. Frequency (HA13152) (4)



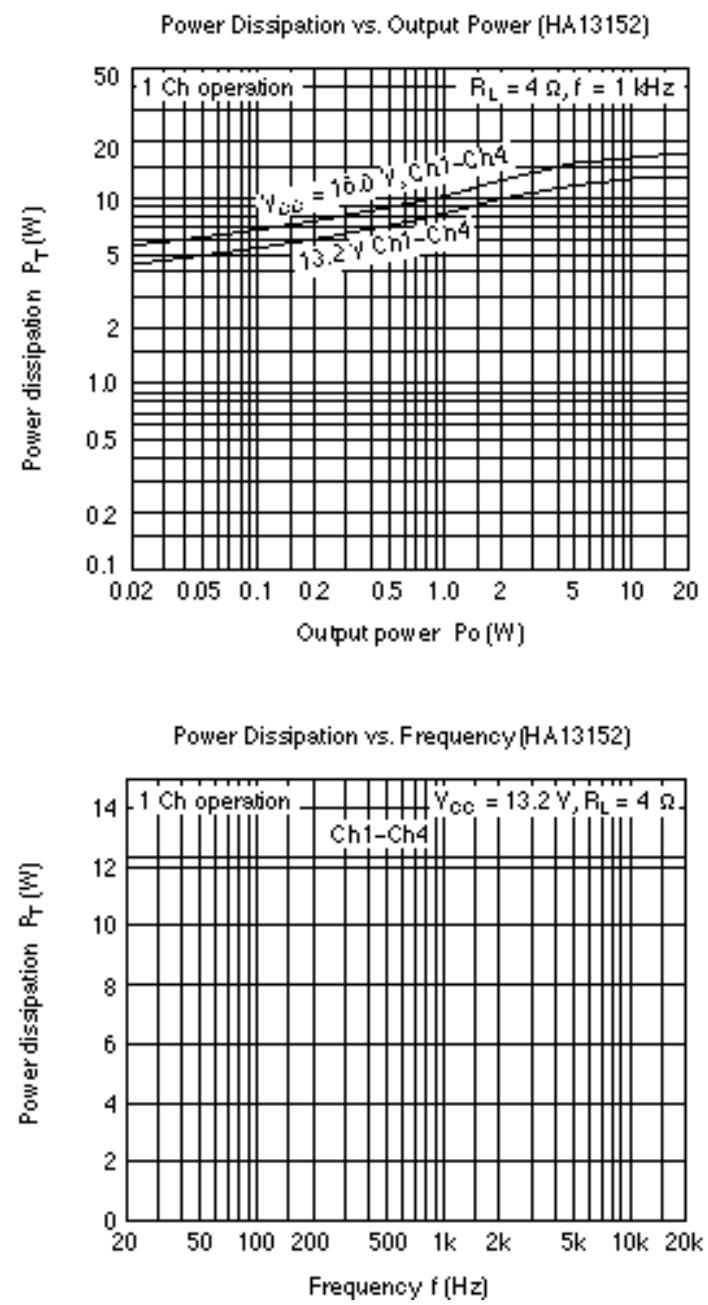
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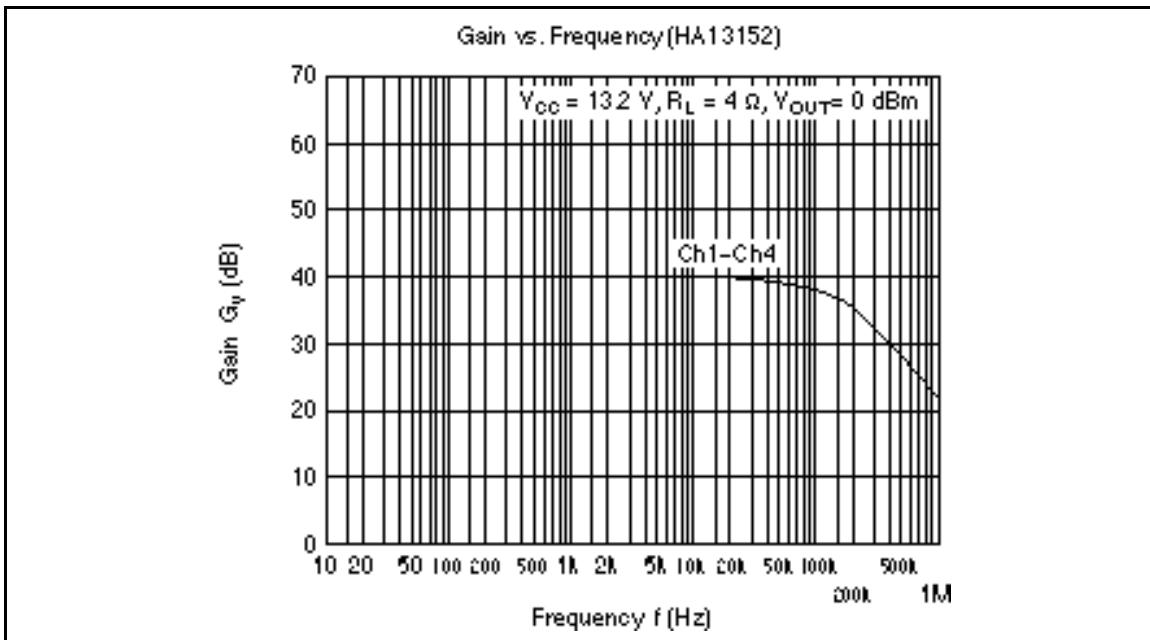
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